## **Introduced by Senator Romero**

February 22, 2002

An act to amend Section 25163.3 of the Health and Safety Code, relating hazardous waste.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1922, as amended, Romero. Hazardous waste transportation: remote sites.

Existing law exempts a person who initially collects certain hazardous waste at a remote site and transports the hazardous waste to a consolidation site from complying with the requirements concerning possession of a manifest and registration as a hazardous waste transporter, if the person complies with specified conditions, including if not more than 275 gallons or 2,500 pounds, whichever is greater, of hazardous waste is transported in any shipment.

This bill would exempt such a person who a public utility, local publicly owned utility, or municipal utility that transports a single shipment of up to 5,000 gallons of mineral oil from a transformer from those manifest and registration requirements, if the oil does not meet a toxicity test under specified regulations.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:* 

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 25163.3 of the Health and Safety Code
- 2 is amended to read:

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25163.3. A person who initially collects hazardous waste at a remote site and transports that hazardous waste to a consolidation site operated by the generator and who complies with the notification requirements of subdivision (d) of Section 25110.10 shall be exempt from the manifest and transporter registration requirements of Sections 25160 and 25163 with regard to the hazardous waste if all of the following conditions are met:

- (a) The hazardous waste is a non-RCRA hazardous waste, or the hazardous waste or its transportation is otherwise exempt from, or is not otherwise regulated pursuant to, the federal act.
- (b) The conditions and requirements of Section 25121.3 are met.
- (c) The regulations adopted by the department pertaining to personnel training requirements for generators are complied with for all personnel handling the hazardous waste during transportation from the remote site to the consolidation site.
- (d) The hazardous waste is transported by employees of the generator or by trained contractors under the control of the generator, in vehicles which are under the control of the generator, or by registered hazardous waste transporters. The generator shall assume liability for a spill of hazardous waste being transported under this section by the generator, or a contractor in a vehicle under the control of the generator or contractor. Nothing in this subdivision bars any agreement to insure, hold harmless, or indemnify a party to the agreement for any liability under this section or otherwise bars any cause of action a generator would otherwise have against any other party.
- (e) The hazardous waste is not held at any interim location, other than another remote site operated by the same generator, for more than eight hours, unless that holding is required by other provisions of law.
- (f) Not more than 275 gallons or 2,500 pounds, whichever is greater, of hazardous waste is transported in any single shipment, except for the following:
- (1) A generator who is a public utility, local publicly owned utility, or municipal utility district may transport up to 1,600 gallons of hazardous wastewater from the dewatering of one or more utility vaults, or up to 500 gallons of any other liquid hazardous waste in a single shipment.

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(2) Up to 5,000 gallons of mineral oil may be transported in a single shipment.

- (2) A generator who is a public utility, local publicly owned utility, or municipal utility district may transport up to 5,000 gallons of mineral oil from a transformer, circuit breakers, or capacitors, owned by the generator, in a single shipment if the oil does not exhibit the characteristic of toxicity pursuant to the test specified in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 66261.24 of Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations.
- (g) A shipping paper containing all of the following information accompanies the hazardous waste while in transport, except as provided in subdivision (h).:
  - (1) A list of the hazardous wastes being transported.
- (2) The type and number of containers being used to transport each type of hazardous waste.
- (3) The quantity, by weight or volume, of each type of hazardous waste being transported.
- (4) The physical state, such as solid, powder, liquid, semi-liquid, or gas, of each type of hazardous waste being transported.
- (5) The location of the remote site where the hazardous waste is initially collected.
- (6) The location of any interim site where the hazardous waste is held en route to the consolidation site.
- (7) The name, address, and telephone number of the generator, and, if different, the address and telephone number of the consolidation site to which the hazardous waste is being transported.
- (8) The name and telephone number of an emergency response contact, for use in the event of a spill or other release.
- (9) The name of the individual or individuals who transport the hazardous waste from the remote site to the consolidation site.
- (10) The date that the generator first begins to actively manage the hazardous waste at the remote site, the date that the shipment leaves the remote site where the hazardous waste is initially collected, and the date that the shipment arrives at the consolidation site.
- (h) A shipping paper is not required if the total quantity of the shipment does not exceed 10 pounds of hazardous waste, except

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- that a shipping paper is required to transport any quantity of
  extremely or acutely hazardous waste.
  (i) All shipments conform with all applicable requirements of
  the United States Department of Transportation for hazardous

- 5 materials shipments.